

BANGALORE

UNIVERSITY

# DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS Jnanabharathi campus BANGALORE-560056

Submitted to Faculty of arts

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

BOS (UG)Approved Syllabus for 3<sup>rd</sup> &4<sup>th</sup> Semester B.A. Honors in Economics (Basic & Honors)

Framed according to the National Education Policy (NEP 2020) (Implemented from the Academic year 2021-22)

### Introduction

Economics is a popular and much sought-after course owing to its policy relevance and application to business as well as real life situations. However, in the conventional graduate programmes, Economics education was more class-room based with very less practical orientation. Further, with changing technology, emergence of newer issues like uncertainty, pandemics, and climate change and business data analytics; the skill requirements are changing. New business models demand newer skills to successfully manage the change. Therefore, keeping in mind the aspirations of the NEP, the emerging skill matrix and the progression of the student at various levels, the state level Curriculum Committee of Economics finalized the programme structure to be taught for BA/B.Sc. (Basic and Honours). Finally, the syllabus is finalised in UG BOS for the further process.

## NEED FOR CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT

As per the NEP 2020 initiatives, it is intended to formulate Curriculum to eliminate the disparities among the students studying in different Universities/Institutes. The need for the curriculum development in Economics emerges due to the following reasons

**1. Changing Economic Scenario;** The Indian Economy is witnessing a radical amount of the changes in the economic polices since the introduction of the New Economic policy in 1991, followed by second and third generation reforms. India is not only inviting the FDI but at the same time also promoting Atmanirbhar Abhiyaan (A Self-reliant India). Market economy has expanded creating new opportunities and hence a new economics curriculum is prepared which helps the student to utilize the emerging.

**2. Credit transfer:** Credit transfer is approved by the UGC and the Government that allows the students to transfer course from their existing university to a new UGC approved university. The same number of credits in all the Universities in Karnataka is the first step to towards the credit transfer from University to University.

**3. Different Syllabus for BA and BSC in Economics: All** these years the BA and BSC in Economics had the same syllabus and as a path breaking the committee has prepared the separate syllabus for BA and BSC in Economics which suits to the needs of the changing time.

**4. Skill Enhancement:** The new curriculum focuses more on hands on training, internship and thereby enhancing the skills of the students. The papers like data analytics etc further helps to develop the skills in the students.

## PEDAGOGY

The goal of economics pedagogy is to awaken a student's critical consciousness and empower them with economic tools that helps them in taking the crucial decision which helps them with economic tools through which they can make the efficient choices in managing scarce resources such as resources, money and time.

- 1. **Importance to theory as well as application:** These entire years economics curriculum was concentrating more on teaching theoretical aspects, but then curriculum gives importance to application through many hands-on training, case studies, empirical studies etc.
- 2. Utilisation of ICT: in order to make the Critical and creative thinking among thestudentsbettertheICTtoolswillbeused.itincludescasestudiesofresearch-led teaching, via presentations, websites and other media
- 3. **Research-based and research-led teaching:** The theories will be explained with application. In order to give more hands-on training, the Projects and internships are introduced in the economics curriculum. The students will do the research project of their choice under the supervision of the research guide.
- 4. **Exposure to math's and statistics:** in today's world, economics is using more of statistics and mathematics in economic analysis. Hence the curriculum is designed in such away which gives more exposure to math's and statistics training.
- 5. **Brain Storming Approach:** Students will be deliberately involved either in groups or as individuals to deliberately discuss the possible implications or solutions to the Indian economic problems. The teacher will guide the process and help the students to think in right perspective and direction. This will help the teachers understand the extent of the student understanding and take corrective steps, but also helps in student involvement in the curriculum.
- 6. **Prominence to Indian economic contribution and Indian examples;** The western economic theories were taught ignoring the contribution of Indian economists. The new curriculum also emphasis on the Indian economist contribution, their theories and application. The teachers may highlight the Indian economic contribution and Indian examples in the pedagogy.

# **Exit Options and Credit Requirements**

A Certificate / Diploma/ Bachelor Degree or Bachelor Degree with Honors in Economics both in BA/B.Sc.in Economics is awarded at the completion of every progressive year.

Exit Optionwith	Certificate/Diploma/Degree/ Honors
Successful completion of First year(two semesters)of the	Certificate in Economics
Four years multidisciplinary undergraduate	(Arts/Science)
degreeprogramme.	
Successful completion of second year(four semesters)of	Diploma in Economics
the four years multidisciplinary undergraduate	(Arts/Science)
degreeprogramme	
Successful completion of three year (six semesters) of the	Bachelor of Arts/Science
four years multidisciplinary undergraduate degree	Degree in Economics
programme	
Successful completion of four year (eight semesters)	Bachelor of Arts/ Science
ofthefouryearsmultidisciplinaryundergraduatedegree	Degree with Honours in
programme	Economics
Successful completion of Five year(Ten semesters)of the	Master of Arts/ Science Degree
fiveyearsmultidisciplinary degreeprogramme	With Honours in Economics

A student will be allowed to enter/re-enter only after the odd semester and they canonly exit after even semester. Re-entry at various as lateral academic programmes based on the above mentioned earned proficiency test records. The validity of the eared credit will be for a maximum period year or as specified by the academic bank of credits (ABC).

#### CONTINUOUS INTERNAL EVALUATION AND SEMESTER ENDEXAMINATION

Total marks for each course shall be based on continuous assessments and term end examinations. As per the decision of the Karnataka State Higher Education Council, it is necessary to have uniform pattern of 40: 60 for CIA and Semester End examinations respectively, among all the Universities, their affiliated and autonomous colleges. The state level committee deliberated on the same and suggested the following pattern for the CIE Marks. The BOS will also decided to follow the same pattern.

Sl.No	ParametersfortheEvaluation	Marks
	<b>Continuous Internal Evaluation(CIE)</b>	
А	Continuous&ComprehensiveEvaluation(CCE)	20Marks
В	InternalAssessmentTests(IAT)	20Marks
	Total of CIE(A+B)	40Marks
С	Semester End Examination(SEE)	60Marks
	<b>Totalof CIEandSEE(A+B+C)</b>	100Marks

## **Evaluation process of IA marks may be as follows:**

- The first component (C1), of assessment is for 200 marks. This shall be based on test, assignment, seminar, case study, field work, project work etc. This assessment and score process should be completed after completing 50% of syllabus of the course/s and with in the first half of t he semester.
- The second component (C2), of assessment is for 20 marks. This shall be based on test, assignment, seminar, case study, field work, internship / industrial practicum / project work etc. This assessment and score process should be based on completion of theremaining50 percent of syllabus of the courses of the semester.
- During the 17<sup>th</sup> 20<sup>th</sup> week of the semester, a semester end examination of 3 hours duration shall be conducted by the University for each Course. These forms the third and final component of assessment (C3) and the maximum marks for the final component will be70%.
- In case of a student who has failed to attend the C1orC2 on a scheduled date, it shall be deemed that the student has dropped the test. However, in case of a student who could not take the test on scheduled date due to genuine reasons, such a candidate may appeal to the concerned teacher/ Program Coordinator / HOD and suitable decision taken accordingly.
- For assignments, tests, case study analysis etc., of C1 and C2, the students should bring their own answer scripts(ofA4size), graph sheets etc., required for such tests/assignments and these be stamped by the concerned department using their departmental the time of conducting tests/ assignment/work etc. The outline for continuous assessment activities for Component-I(C1)and Component-II(C2)of a course shall be as under:

Activities	<b>C1</b>	<b>C2</b>	<b>Total Marks</b>
SessionTest	10marks	10marks	20
Seminars etc.	05marks		05
Case study / Assignment /Field work / Project work/Academic Economics Quiz/Review of the Book/ etc	05 marks	05marks 05 marks	05 10
Total	20marks	20marks	<u>40</u>

Outline for continuous assessment activities for C1 and C2  $\,$ 

# **Composition of Subject Expert Committee Members**

SN	Name & Organization	Designation
1	Dr. B.P. Veerabhadrappa Vice-Chancellor, Kuvempu University, Shankaraghatta	Chairman
2	Dr. B. K. Tulasimala Vice-Chancellor, KSAW University, Vijayapura	Member
3	Dr. D.V. Gopalappa Professor, University of Mysore, Mysuru	Member
4	Dr. S.T. Bagalkoti Professor, Karnatak University, Dharwad	Member
5	Dr. S. R. Keshava Professor, Bangalore University, Bengaluru.	Member
6	Dr. Viswanatha Professor, Mangalore University, Konaje	Member
7	Dr. Dasharath Naik Professor, Gulbarga University, Kalaburgi.	Member
8	Dr. Jayasheela Professor, Tumkur University, Tumakuru.	Member
9	Dr. D.N. Patil Professor, Rani Channamma University, Belagavi.	Member
10	Dr. Basavaraja S. Benni Professor, Bangalore University, Bangalore.	Member
11	Dr. Rangappa K.B. Professor, Davanagere University, Davanagere.	Member
12	Dr. D. Kumuda Professor, Bengaluru North University, Kolar	Member
13	Dr. N.T. Somashekhar Assoc. Professor, Maharani College, Mysuru	Member
14	Dr. Hanumantharaya Y.S. Assoc. Professor, GFGC, Midigeshi, Madhugiri Tq.	Member
15	Dr. Timmaraddi Assoc. Professor, A. S. Women's College, Ballari.	Member

SN	Name & Organization	Designation
16	Dr. K.B. Dhanajaya	Member
	Principal, Sahyadri Arts College, Shivamogga.	
17	Dr. Joy Narella	Member
	Assoc. Professor, University College of Arts, Tumakuru.	
18	Dr. Prasanna Pandhari	Member
	GFGC, Rajnagar, Hubballi.	
19	Dr. Tejaswini B. Yakkundimath	
	Assoc. Professor, Government First grade Women's college, Belgaum.	Member,
20	Smt. Rajani B.	Convener
20	Special Officer, Karnataka State Higher Education Council.	

	Special Invitees
1	Dr. G. L. Parvathamma, Professor, Bangalore University.
2	Dr. Mahesh, Professor, Mysore University.
3	Dr. Premkumar, Professor, Mysore University.
4	Dr. Navitha Thimmayya, Professor, Mysore University.
5	Dr. Baradi, Professor, Karnataka University, Dharwad
6	Dr. R. R. Biradar, Professor, Karnataka University, Dharwad
7	Dr. Basavaraj Nagoor, Professor, Karnataka University, Dharwad
8	Dr. Madari, Professor, KSAW University, Vijayapura
9	Dr. R. V. Gangshetty, Professor, KSAW University, Vijayapura
10	Dr. Yogesh S. N, Professor, Kuvempu University.
11	Dr. Manoj Dolli, Professor, Vijayanagara Sri krishnadevaraya University.
12	Dr. Basappa Kamble, Professor, G.I. Bagewadi College, Nipani.
13	Dr. Shanmukh K. Professor, SBC First grade college for Women, Davangere
14	Dr. B. M. Nasir Khan, Assoc. Professor, Sir MV Govt. Arts & Commerce college, Bhadravati.
15	Dr. Suchitra S., Assoc. Professor, Davangere University.

# Program Structure for undergraduate program in Economics B A (Basic&Honors) for 3<sup>rd</sup> & 4<sup>th</sup> Semester

	Paper Code	Title of the paper	Credits
	-		point
	DSC-3.1	Microeconomics	3
	DSC-3.2	Mathematics for Economics	3
III	Choose any or	ne the following	
Semester			
	OE-3.7.1	<b>Rural Economics</b>	3
	OE-3.7.2	Economics of Insurance	
	OE-3.7.3	Economics of Human	
		Development	
		Total	09
	DSC-4.1	Macro Economics	3
	DSC-4.2	Statistics for Economics	3
IV	IV Choose any one the following		
Semester	OE-4.7.1	Karnataka Economy	3
	OE-4.7.2	Entrepreneurial Economics	
	OE-4.7.3	Economics and Law	
	OE-4.7.4	Economics of GST	
		Total	09

#### MICROECONOMICS DSC-3.1

Program Name	BA in Economics	Semester	Third Semester
Course Title	Microeconomics		
Course Code:	DSC-3.1	No. of Credits	3
Contact hours	42 Hours	Duration of SEA/Exam	2 hours
Formative Asses	sment Marks <b>40</b>	Summative Assessment Marks	60

Course Outcomes (COs): After the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- CO1. Understand introductory economic concepts.
- CO2. Recognize basic supply and demand analysis.
- CO3. Recognize the structure and the role of costs in the economy.
- CO4. Describe, using graphs, the various market models: perfect competition, monopoly, monopolistic competition, and oligopoly.
- CO5. Explain how equilibrium is achieved in the various market models.
- CO6. Identify problem areas in the economy, and possible solutions, using the analytical tools developed in the course.

Contents	42 Hrs
Unit-1: Introduction to Microeconomics	•
Chapter:1 Exploring Microeconomics: Nature and scope of economics - opportunity cost,	3
scarcity, production possibility frontier - Market system as a way to organise economic activities,	
welfare state	
Chapter:2 Supply and Demand: Determinants of demand and supply; demand and supply	3
schedules and; individual and market demand and supply; shifts in the demand and supply curves;	
Interaction of demand and supply; Equilibrium price and quantity	
Practicum:	
Reading and working with graphs	
> Estimation of elasticity and discussing its applications; solving problems to estimate the equ	ilibrium

price and quantity

# **Unit -2: Consumption Decisions** 5 Chapter 3 The Households: Diminishing Marginal Utility; Indifference curves – Meaning and Properties; budget constraint; Satisfaction Maximization; income and substitution effects; choice between leisure and consumption. **Practicum:** Conducting a consumer survey to understand their tastes and preferences **Unit -3: Production and Costs** Chapter 4: The Firms: Concept of firm and Industry; Production Function; Law of Variable 5 Proportions; isoquant and isocost lines, cost minimizing equilibrium condition; Returns to Scale; Features of Cobb-Douglas Production Function Chapter 5: Cost of Production: Short run and long run costs; Returns to Scale. 3 Practicum: > Analysing reasons for diminishing marginal returns > Examining the relationship between cost and output/ Deriving cost functions from output functions **Unit -4: Pricing** Chapter 6: The Markets: Meaning of Market Structure and Types; Pricing under perfect 7 competition; Monopoly pricing and price discrimination; Monopolistic Competition – Features and Pricing; Oligopoly – Interdependence, Collusive and non-collusive oligopoly; Elements of Game theory Chapter 7: The Inputs (Factors): Functional and Personal Income; Demand for and supply of 6 factors; Marginal Productivity Theory of Distribution; Meaning and determinants of Rent, Wages, **Interest and Profits Practicum**: Conducting Market Survey to identify the nature and features of markets for different goods/services > Understanding distribution of national income as factor incomes **Unit -5: Welfare Economics** Chapter 8: Welfare Economics: Meaning of Welfare; Pigou's Welfare Economics; 6 Compensation principle; Impediments to attain Maximum Social Welfare; Externalities, Market Failure **Practicum**: Examining day to day externalities and proposing solutions to them

Unit -6: Economics in Action	
Chapter 9: Economic Theory and Policy: Pricing Practices; Basics of Monetary and Fiscal	4
Policies; Controls and Regulations; Incentives and Penalties; Labour policies	
Practicum: Analysis of latest budget of the Central Government; Review of terminology used in	the
latest Monetary Policy of the RBI	

Pedagogy: Classroom lecture, tutorials, Problem solving exercise

Formative Assessment for C1 &	C <b>2</b>	
	Marks	
Assessment Occasion/ type	C1	C2
Internal Test	10	10
Assignment/Seminar	05	
Quiz	05	
Case study / Field work / Project work/ Industrial Visit and Prepare a report	-	10
Total	40 Marks	

## Note: Strictly follow the Practicum

Refe	References	
1	Ahuja, H.L. (2008): Principles of Microeconomics, S. Chand and Co., New Delhi	
2	Mankiw, N. Gregory (2020). Principles of Economics (Ninth ed.). Boston, MA.	
3	Jhingan, M.L. (2016): Microeconomics, Vrinda Publications, New Delhi	
4	Koutsoyianis, A (1979): Modern Microeconomics, London, Macmillan	
5	Omkarnath, G. (2012: Economics: A Primer for India, Orient Blackswan, Hyderabad	
6	Samuelson, Paul (2004): Economics, McGraw-Hill, New Delhi	
7	Krishnaiahgouda H.R. (2020): ಸೂಕ್ಷಮ ಅರ್ಥಥಶಾಘ (Sapna Book House, Bengaluru	
8	https://www.core-econ.org/the-economy/book/text/0-3-contents.html	
9	Somashekhar Ne. Thi., ಸೂಘಮ ಅರ್ಥಶಾಂಥ್ , Sidhlingeshwara Prakashana, Kalburgi.	

#### MATHEMATICS FOR ECONOMICS

#### DSC-3.2

Program Name	BA in Econo	A in Economics		Semester	Third Semester
Course Title	Mathematics	s for Economics			
Course Code:	DSC-3.2			No. of Credits	3
Contact hours	42 Hours			Duration of SEA/Exam	2 Hours
Formative Asses	sment Marks	40	Sum	mative Assessment Marks	60

**Course Outcomes (COs)**: After the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1. Perform basic operations in Sets and functions and Matrix algebra.

CO2. Calculate limits, derivatives of Economic functions and identify the nature of relationship.

CO3. Calculate maxima and minima of function

Contents	42 Hrs
Unit-1: Preliminaries	12 Hrs
Chapter:1 - Introduction to Mathematical Economics: Nature and scope of mathematical economics- Role of mathematics in economic theory	4
<b>Chapter:2 - Number system and Set theory:</b> Types of Numbers: Natural Number, Real number, integers, Irrational Number, Complex Number. Concepts of sets- meaning –types- union of sets – interaction of sets.	4
<b>Chapter:3 - Functions:</b> Meaning of function- Types of functions: Linear and Non-linear Functions; Quadratic, Polynomial, Logarithmic and Exponential functions-	4
Unit -2: Economic Functions, their Application and Matrices	14 Hrs
<b>Chapter 4 Economic Functions:</b> Demand Function, Supply function, Production function, Cost, Revenue and Profit function, Consumption function	4
<b>Chapter-5: Applications of Functions:</b> Graph of Economic Functions, Market equilibrium; Equilibrium price and Quantity, Impact of specific tax and subsidy on market equilibrium	5
<b>Chapter-6: Matrices:</b> Definition and Types of Matrices- Matrix Operations: Addition, Subtraction and Multiplication, Transpose of a Matrix, Determinants of Matrix- Cramer's Rule	

Unit -3: Differential Calculus and Its Applications	16 Hrs
Chapter 7- Limits: Limits of functions, differentiation, rules of differentiation.	4
<b>Chapter 8 Derivatives of Economic functions</b> : Derivation of Marginal functions from total function-Marginal Production, Marginal cost, Marginal Revenue, Marginal Profit.	
<b>Chapter 9 - Applications of Derivatives and Higher order derivatives:</b> Elasticity of Demand-Second order derivatives- Maxima and Minima of Economic function.	

Pedagogy: Classroom lecture, tutorials, Problem solving exer-	cise
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Formative Assessment for C1 &	C <b>2</b>		
	Marks		
Assessment Occasion/ type	C1	C2	
Internal Test	10	10	
Assignment/Seminar	05		
Quiz	05		
Case study / Field work / Project work/ Industrial Visit and Prepare a report	-	10	
Total	40 Marks		

Formative Assessment as per NEP guidelines are compulsory

Re	ferences
1	Chiang, A. C. and Wainwright, K., "Fundamental Methods of Mathematical Economics", McGraw- Hill/Irwin, 4th Edition, 2005.
2	Sydsaeter, K and Hammond, P., Mathematics for Economic Analysis, Pearson Educational Asia, 4th Edition, 2002.
3	Allen R.G.D., (2015) Mathematical Analysis for Economists, Macmillan.
4	Bose D., (2003) An Introduction of Mathematical Economics, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai.
5	Dowling, E. T., "Introduction to Mathematical Economics", McGraw-Hill, 2001.
6	Hoy, M., Livernois, J. McKenna, C, Rees, R. and Stengos, T., "Mathematics for Economics", MIT Press, 3rd Edition, 2011
7	Sydsaeter, K and Hammond, P., Mathematics for Economic Analysis, Pearson Educational Asia, 4th Edition, 2002.
8	Veerachamy R (2005) Quantitative Methods for Economics, New Age International Publishers
	Private Ltd. New Delhi.
9	Yamane Taro, (2002) Mathematics for Economists -An Implementer Analysis, Phi Learning
	Publishers.
1 0	S. N. Yogish, Mathematical methods for Economists- Mangaldeep publications, Jaipur.

#### Open Electives(OE) Rural Economics OE-3.7.1

Program Name	BA in Economics			Semester	Third Semester
Course Title	Rural Economics				
Course Code:	OE-3.7.1			No. of Credits	3
Contact hours	42 Hours			Duration of SEA/Exam	2 Hours
Formative Asses	sment Marks	40	Sum	mative Assessment Marks	60

Course Outcomes (COs): After the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1. To Understand the basics of rural development,

CO2. To study the characteristics, problems, and programmes of rural redevelopment

CO3. To study the trends and patterns of economic activities in rural areas

CO4. To study the role of infrastructural facilities and governance in rural development

CO5. To enable the students to know about significance of rural enterprises and agricultural allied activities.

Contents	42 Hrs
Unit-1: Basic Concepts of Rural Economy	
Chapter:1 - Introduction to Rural Economy	5
Meaning and Objectives of Rural economy	
Characteristics of Rural Economy	
Indicators of Rural Development	
Concepts of inclusive and sustainable development	
Chapter:2 - Approaches to Rural Development	
Gandhian Model	
Community Development Approach,	
Minimum Needs Approach,	
Integrated Rural Development and Inclusive Growth Approach.	

Chapter:3 - Poverty and Unemployment in Rural India	5
Meaning and Measurement of Poverty	
Causes of Poverty	
Farm and Non-farm employment	
Measurement and Types employment	
Review of Poverty Alleviation and Employment Generation Programmes in India.	
Practicum:	
• Field visit to nearby village and study the poverty situation	
• Field visit to village and study the employment pattern	
• Undertake evaluation study on employment generation programmes and prepare an assignment.	
Unit -2: Rural Infrastructure: MSMEs, Banking, Health and Education	14 Hrs
Chapter 4- Rural Enterprises	5
Meaning and Importance, Classification of MSME	
Progress and Problems of MSME	
Khadi and Village Industries	
Chapter-5: Rural Banking and Finance	4
Credit Co-operative Societies	
Regional Rural Banks	
Role of NABARD	
Microfinance Institutions	
Chapter-6: Rural Infrastructure	5
Educational and Health Infrastructure	
Housing and Sanitation	
Drinking Water Supply	
Rural Transport and Communication	
Rural Electrification	
Practicum:	
• Write an assignment on Rural infrastructure	
• Write a small report on Rural Industry	

Unit -3: Governance and Development Programmes	14 Hrs	
Chapter 7- Rural Development Programmes	4	
Wage Employment Programmes		
Self-employment and Entrepreneurship Development Programmes		
Rural Housing Programmes		
Rural Sanitation Programmes		
Chapter 8 - Rural Markets	5	
Meaning and Types of Rural Markets		
Defects and Government Measures for Removal of Defects in rural markets		
Co-operative Marketing Societies		
Meaning and Importance of Regulated Markets		
Digital Marketing(e-NAM)		
Chapter 9 - Rural Governance	5	
Legislations powers, Functions, and sources of revenue of Panchayat Raj Institutions		
Role of NGOs in rural development		
People's participation in rural development		
Practicum:		
Group Discussion on Rural Governance		
• Interview Gram Panchayat members and prepare brief note on their participation in rural development.		
• Undertake evaluation study on rural development programmes and prepare an assignment.		

## Pedagogy: Classroom lecture, tutorials, Problem solving exercise

Formative Assessment for C1 &	: C2		
	Marks		
Assessment Occasion/ type	C1	C2	
Internal Test	10	10	
Assignment/Seminar	05		
Quiz	05		
Case study / Field work / Project work/ Industrial Visit and Prepare a report	-	10	
Total	40 Marks		
Formative Assessment as per NEP guidelines	are compulsory		

Note: Strictly follow the Practicum

References		
1	Chambers, R. (1983): Rural Development: Putting the Last First, Longman, Harlow.	
2	Dandekar, V.M. and N. Rath (1971): Poverty in India, GIPE, Pune.	
3	Dantwala, M. L. (1973): Poverty in India: Then and Now, 1870-1970, Macmillan, Bombay.	
4	Gupta. K .R. (Ed) (2003): Rural Development in India, Atlantic Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi.	
5	Jain, Gopal Lal (1997): Rural Development, Mangal Deep Publications, Jaipur,	
6	Singh, Katar (1986): Rural Development: Principles, Polices and Management, Sage Publications, New Delhi, (Second Edition).	
7	Karalay, G. N. (2005): Integrated Approach to Rural Development: Polices, Programmes and Strategies, Concept Publishing Company, New Delhi.	
8	Maheshwari, S. R. (1985): Rural Development in India, Sage, Publications New Delhi.	
9	Satya Sundaram, I. (1997): Rural Development, Himalaya Publishing House, Delhi.	
10	Mehta, Shiv R. (1984): Rural Development Policies and Programmes, Sage Publications, New Delhi.	
11	Tyagi, B. P. (1998): Agricultural Economics and Rural Development, Jai Prakash Math and Co., Meerut.	
12	Somashekar Ne. Thi. (2022) ಥಾ ಮೇಣ ಅಭಿವೃØಿ, Siddalingeshwara publication, Kalburgi.	
13	H. R. Krishnaiah Gowda (2022) ಹಾ ಮೇಣ ಅಭೆವೃØಿ, Mysore book house publication, Mysore.	

#### ECONOMICS OF INSURANCE OE-3.7.2

Program Name	BA in EconomicsEconomics of InsuranceOE-3.7.2			Semester	Third Semester
Course Title					
Course Code:				No. of Credits	3
Contact hours	42 Hours		Duration of SEA/Exam		2 Hours
Formative Assessment Marks 40		Sum	mative Assessment Marks	60	

Course Outcomes (COs): After the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1. Gain knowledge relating to the importance of the insurance in the life of human beings.

	Contents	42 Hrs					
Unit-	1: Introduction to Economics of Insurance						
Chapt	er:1 - Fundamentals of Economics of insurance						
$\triangleright$	Definition of insurance						
$\triangleright$	Scope of economic of insurance						
$\triangleright$	Importance of insurance						
Chap	eer:2 - The conceptual framework						
$\succ$	Brief history of insurance						
$\triangleright$	Perils and risks in insurance, Classification of risks hazards						
$\triangleright$	How insurance works						
$\triangleright$	Classes of insurance and assumptions						
Chapt	eer:3 - Type of Insurance						
$\triangleright$	Risk pooling and risk transfer in insurance						
$\triangleright$	Social vs private insurance						
$\triangleright$	Life vs non-life insurance						
Unit -	2: Insurance Planning						
Chapt	er 4- Types of Insurance Planning						
$\triangleright$	Wealth accumulation plan lifecycle planning						
$\triangleright$	Planning for wealth accumulation						
$\triangleright$	Tax advantage and tax non-advantage						

#### **Chapter-5: Retirement Planning**

- Essential of individual retirement planning
- Investing pension plan, basic principles of pension plans
- Pension plans in India

#### **Chapter-6: General Insurance Structure**

- General Insurance, concept of General Insurance
- > Types of General Insurance, Marine Insurance, Motors Insurance, Agricultural Insurance
- Fire Insurance, Personal Accident Insurance

#### **Unit -3: personal insurance / Health Insurance**

#### **Chapter 7- Essential of Life and Health Insurance**

- > Fundamentals of Life and Health Insurance, functions of Life and Health Insurance
- Health Insurance and Economic Development, Insurance and Farmer Security

#### **Chapter 8 - Insurance Documentation**

- > Health Insurance products, Health Insurance underwriting
- Health Insurance claims

#### **Chapter 9 - Insurance Legislation**

- > The insurance act, 1938- Registration- Accounts and Returns
- Investments -Limitation on expense of Management
- Regulation of Insurance, Insurance regulation in India, role and need of regulation, history of insurance regulation in India
- Insurance Reforms Development Authority (IRDA), performance of IRDA
- > Indian Insurance in global platform, future potential in Indian Insurance Business

#### Pedagogy: Classroom lecture, tutorials, Problem solving exercise

Formative Assessment for C1 & C2				
	Marks			
Assessment Occasion/ type	C1	C2		
Internal Test	10	10		
Assignment/Seminar	05			
Quiz	05			
Case study / Field work / Project work/ Industrial Visit and Prepare a report	-	10		
Total	Total 40 Marks			

Refe	erences
1	Chambers, R. (1983): Rural Development: Putting the Last First, Longman, Harlow.
2	Dandekar, V.M. and N. Rath (1971): Poverty in India, GIPE, Pune.
3	Dantwala, M. L. (1973): Poverty in India: Then and Now, 1870-1970, Macmillan, Bombay.
4	Gupta. K .R. (Ed) (2003): Rural Development in India, Atlantic Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi.
5	Jain, Gopal Lal (1997): Rural Development, Mangal Deep Publications, Jaipur,
6	Singh, Katar (1986): Rural Development: Principles, Polices and Management, Sage Publications, New Delhi, (Second Edition).
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8	Maheshwari, S. R. (1985): Rural Development in India, Sage, Publications New Delhi.
9	Satya Sundaram, I. (1997): Rural Development, Himalaya Publishing House, Delhi.
10	Mehta, Shiv R. (1984): Rural Development Polices and Programmes, Sage Publications, New Delhi.
11	Tyagi, B. P. (1998): Agricultural Economics and Rural Development, Jai Prakash Math and Co., Meerut.

#### ECONOMICS OF HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

#### OE-3.7.3

Program Name	ame <b>BA in Economics</b>			Semester	Third Semester
Course Title	Economics o	f Human Developi	nent		
Course Code:	OE-3.7.3		No. of Credits		3
Contact hours 42 Hours			Duration of SEA/Exam	2 hours	
Formative Assessment Marks <b>40</b>		40	Sum	mative Assessment Marks	60

**Course Outcomes (COs)**: After the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1. Differentiate between Human Resource Development (HRD), Human Development (HD) and HRM CO2. Understand the concepts of Human security, describe dimensions of human development, and appreciate various practices and policies of human development, HDI and India.

Contents 42 I				
Unit-1: Introduction to Human Development	12 Hrs			
Chapter 1: Human Growth and Human Development - Basic Needs Approach - Quality of Life Approach				
- Capability Approach				
Chapter 2: Human Resource Development (HRD), Human Resource Management (HRM).				
Chapter 3: Human Development: meaning and definition, importance, and objectives.				
Unit -2: Human Security, SDGs and Approaches to Human Development.	12Hrs			
Chapter 4: Human Security: Economic security - Food security - Health security - Environmental security				
- Personal security - Community security - Political security.				
Chapter 5: Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs): Understanding the SDGs - Linkages between human				
development and the SDGs.				
Chapter 6: Indian Perspectives and Experience with Human Development: Approach to human	an			
development in national plans				
Unit -3: Dimensions and Measurement of Human Development	18 Hrs			
Chapter 7: Dimensions of Human Development: Empowerment - meaning and usage, Cooperation -				
definition and brief introduction, Equity - concept and usage, Sustainability - meaning and im	portance,			
Participation - concept, different forms of participation, Human development & Productivity	- factors			
determining productivity.				

**Chapter 8:** Measuring Human Development: Need for indices - limitations of per capita GDP as an indicator. Earlier indices (meaning): - Physical Quality of Life Index (PQLI), - Disability Adjusted Life Years (DALYs), - Social Capability Index. Human Development Index - HDI as compared to per capita GDP - Method of computing HDI - Critique of HDI. Other indices (meaning): Human Poverty Index (HPI)-Gender-related Development Index (GDI) - Gender Empowerment Measure (GEM).

**Chapter 9:** Selected Issues in Human Development: Impact of Globalisation on Human Development -Trade and Human Development. - Technology and Human Development

Ma	-
1110	rks
C1	C2
10	10
05	
05	
-	10
40 M	larks
	10 05

Pedagogy: Classroom lecture, tutorials, Problem solving exercise

Formative Assessment as per NEP guidelines are compulsory

Refe	erences
1	Chelliah, Raja J. and R. Sudarshan (eds.), 1999, Income Poverty and Beyond: Human Development
	in India, UNDP, Social Science Press, New Delhi
2	Dev, S. Mahendra, Piush Antony, V. Gayathri, and R.P. Mamgain, 2001, Social and Economic
	Security in India, Institute for Human Development, New Delhi
3	Government of India, National Human Development Report 2002, Planning Commission, New Delhi
4	Jaya Gopakl, R: Human Resource Development: Conceptual analysis and Strategies, Sterling
	Publishing Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
5	Naresh Gupta (2019), Human Development in India Emerald Publishers.
6	Nadler, Leonard (2004). Corporate Human Resource Development, Van Nostrand Reinhold, ASTD,
	New York
7	Padmanabhan Nair(2007) Human Development Index: An Introduction (Economy Series), ICFAI
	UNIVERSITY PRESS

Refe	erences
8	Papalia, D.E., Olds, S.W. and Feldman, R.D. (2006). Human development.9th Ed. New Delhi: Tata
	McGraw- Hill.
9	Rao, T.V and Pareek, Udai (2005) Designing and Managing Human Resource Systems, Oxford IBH
	Pub. Pvt.Ltd., New Delhi.
10	Rao, T.V: Readings in HRD, Oxford IBH Pub. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi,
11	Viramani, B.R and Seth, Parmila: Evaluating Management Development, Vision Books, New Delhi.
12	Rao, T.V. (et.al)(2003) HRD in the New Economic Environment, Tata McGraw-Hill Pub.Pvt, Ltd.,
	New Delhi ,.
13	Rao, T.V: Human Resource Development, Sage Publications, New Delhi.
14	Viramani, B.R and Rao, Kala: Economic Restructuring, Technology Transfer and Human Resource
	Development, Response Books, New Delhi
15	United Nations Development Programme (2005); 'Course Curriculum on Human Development-An
	Outline', New Delhi

Web	osites:
1	https://www.undp.org/sustainable-development-goals?c_src=CENTRAL&c_src2=GSR
2	https://hdr.undp.org/en/2020-report
3	https://www.un.org/millenniumgoals/
4	https://www.undp.org/india/publications/national-human-development-report-india
5	https://www.sdgfund.org/mdgs-sdgs

Jour	Journals				
1	Indian Journal of Training and Development				
2	HRD Newsletter (NHRD Network)				
3	American Journal of Training and Development				
4	Personnel Today				

#### MACROECONOMICS DSC-4.1

Program Name	BA in Economics			Semester	Fourth Semester
Course Title	Macroeconomics				
Course Code:	DSC-4.1		No. of Credits		3
Contact hours	rs 42 Hours		Duration of SEA/Exam		2 Hours
Formative Assessment Marks 40		Sum	mative Assessment Marks	60	

Course Outcomes (COs): After the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:CO1.Understand the Theories of National Income AccountingCO2.Explain the process of Consumption and Investment FunctionsCO3.Evaluate the Concept of Multiplier and Inflation

	Content of Theory	42 Hrs
Unit	-1: Theory of National Income Determination	14 Hrs
Cha	pter:1 Classical Framework:	7
1. T <u>y</u>	pical Features of classical theory of employment; Assumptions	
2. Ba	asis of Classical theory:	
	Say's Law	
	Pigou's wage price flexibility	
	<ul><li>Fisher's Quantity theory of money</li></ul>	
	Knut Wicksell's loanable funds theory	
	<ul> <li>Classical dichotomy and neutrality of money</li> </ul>	
3. Ci	riticism of classical theory	
Cha	pter-2: The Keynesian Framework	7
1.	Introductory: connecting growth of national income to development; why incomes of all	
	fall or rise? Are income, output, and employment related?	
2.	Some Basic concepts: The idea of equilibrium and identity; ex- ante and ex-post concepts.	
3.	Aggregate Demand and its components	
	a. Consumption function: Algebraic and Graphical explanation; Marginal and Average	
	propensity to consume	

	b. Investment function; savings and investment relationship.	
4.	Aggregate Supply: Meaning and graphical explanation; Effective demand	
5.	Determination of national income in Keynes' two sector economy with Aggregate	
	Demand and Aggregate Supply with fixed prices: Analytical /Graphical and algebraic	
	explanation; numerical problems	
6.	Determination of national income in Keynes' two sector economy with investment and	
	savings with fixed prices: Analytical / Graphical and algebraic explanation; numerical	
	problems	
Unit	-2: Aggregate Consumption and Investment	15Hrs
Chap	oter-3: Theories of Determinants of Consumption:	5
1.	Keynesian Psychological Law of consumption; determinants	
2.	Permanent Income hypothesis of Milton Friedman	
Chap	oter-4: Investment:	5
1.	Types of investment	
2.	Determinants of investment:	
	a. rate of interest	
	b. marginal efficiency of capital: meaning and determinants;	
Chap	oter-5: Concepts of Multiplier and Accelerator	5
1.	Investment Multiplier: Meaning and assumptions.	
2.	multiplier; leakages;	
Unit	-3: Monetary Economics	13 Hrs
Chap	oter-6: Money Supply:	5
1.	Concept of Money Supply; recent measures of money supply as suggested by RBI	
2.	Determinants of money supply:	
	a. high powered money	
	b. money multiplier	
3.	The reserve ratio and deposit multiplier	
Chap	oter-7: Money demand:	4
1. Ca	sh transactions approach (only meaning) and	
2. Ca	mbridge approach (Only Marshall's equation)	
0 151	e liquidity preference approach of Keynes	

- 1. Phillips Curve
- 2. Wage cut theory and employment

Pedagogy: Classroom lecture, tutorials, Problem solving exercise

Formative Assessment for C1 & C2			
	Marks		
Assessment Occasion/ type	C1	C2	
Internal Test	10	10	
Assignment/Seminar	05		
Quiz	05		
Case study / Field work / Project work/ Industrial Visit and Prepare a report	-	10	
Total	40 Marks		

Refe	rences
1	Ackley, G. (1976), Macroeconomics: Theory and Policy, Macmillan Publishing Company, New
	York.
2	Ahuja H (2016), Macro Economics- theory and policy, S Chand and Co
3	Dwivedi DN (2016) Macro Economics: Theory and Policy, Tata McGraw-Hill
4	Heijidra, B.J. and F.V. Ploeg (2001), Foundations of Modern macroeconomics, Oxford University
	Press, Oxford.
5	Keynes, J.M. (1936), The General theory of Employment, Interest and Money, Machmillan, London.
6	Lucas, R. (1981), Studies in Business Cycle Theory, MIT Press, Cambridge, Massachusetts
7	Somashekar Ne. Thi., Principles of Macroeconomics, Scientific International Pvt. Ltd., Publications
	New Delhi
8	Somashekar Ne. Thi., ಸ್ತಮಗ್ಂ ಅರಂಥಶಂಕ್ಷ್ (, Siddalingeshwara prakashana, Kalburgi.
9	H. R. Krishnaiah Gowda ಸ್ತಮಗ್ ಾ ಅರ ಥಶಾಂಕ್ ೆ, Mysore book house prakashna, Mysore.

4

#### STATISTICS FOR ECONOMICS DSC-4.2

Program Name	BA in Econo	mics		Semester	Fourth Semester
Course Title	Statistics for	Economics			
Course Code:	DSC-4.2			No. of Credits	3
Contact hours 42 Hours			Duration of SEA/Exam	2 Hours	
Formative Assessment Marks 40		Sum	mative Assessment Marks	60	

Course Outcomes (COs): After the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:
 CO1. Understand the nature of Data and their presentation
 CO2. Calculate Descriptive statistics like measures of central tendency and dispersion
 CO3. Apply statistical techniques like correlation and regression in Economic anlysis

Content of Theory	42 Hrs
Unit-1: Preliminaries	12 Hrs
Chapter:1 Introduction to Statistics: Meaning and Importance of Statistics, Functions of	4
Statistics, Types of Statistics: Descriptive Statistics and Inferential Statistics-Variables;	
Qualitative Variable and Quantitative Variable	
Chapter-2: Datatypes, Sources and Collection of Data: Qualitative and Quantitative Data - Cross	4
Section Data, Time Series Data and Panel Data - Primary and Secondary sources of Data -	
Methods of Collecting Primary Data	
Chapter-3: Tabulation and Presentation of Data: Classification and tabulation of data - Frequency	4
distributions - Continuous and Discrete frequency distribution. Graphical presentation-	
Histogram- frequency polygon - Ogive Curves -Bar Diagram, Pie Chart	
Unit -2: Measures of Central Tendency and Dispersion	14 Hrs
Chapter-4: Arithmetic Average: Definition of Central Tendency, Types of Central Tendency:	5
Arithmetic Mean: Meaning and Properties of Arithmetic Mean - Computation of Arithmetic	
Mean	
Chapter-5: Positional Averages-Median and Mode: Definition and importance of Median-	4
Calculation of Median- Definition and importance of Mode - Calculation of Mode.	

Chapter-6: Dispersion: Meaning of Dispersion- Measures of Dispersion- Range- Quartile	5
deviation - mean deviation - Standard deviation - Coefficient of Variation and Their Computation	
Unit -3: Correlation, Regression and Time Series Analysis	16 Hrs
Chapter-7: Correlation: Meaning of Correlation - Types of correlation - Methods of measuring	5
Correlation- Karl Pearson's correlation coefficients	
Chapter-8: Regression: Meaning and Importance of Regression - Regression Equation -	6
Estimation of regression equation - Applications of regression equation in Economics	
Chapter-9: Time Series Analysis: Definition of Time Series – Components of Time Series –	5
Estimation and Forecasting of Trend	

Pedagogy: Classroom lecture, tutorials, Problem solving exercise

Formative Assessment for C1 & C2			
	Mar	·ks	
Assessment Occasion/ type	C1	C2	
Internal Test	10	10	
Assignment/Seminar	05		
Quiz	05		
Case study / Field work / Project work/ Industrial Visit and Prepare a report	-	10	
Total	40 Marks		
Formative Assessment as per NEP guidelines a	are compulsory		

Refe	erences
1	Gupta S P. (2012) Statistical Methods, S. Chand and Company, New Delhi.
2	S. C. Gupta, (New edition) Fundamentals of Statistics, Himalaya publishing house, Mumbai.
3	S. N. Yogish, Statistical methods for Economists- Mangaldeep publications, Jaipur.
4	Anderson, Sweeney & Williams, (2002) Statistics for Business & Economics, Thomson South-
	Western, Bangalore.
5	Daniel and Terrel: Business Statistics for Management and Economics; oaghton Mifflin Co., Boston,
	Toronts, 7th Edition, 1995, PP 1 to 972 + 6 Appendices
6	Medhi, J., Statistical Methods: An Introductory Text, Wiley, 1992
7	Morris H. Degroot and Mark J. Schervish, "Probability and Statistics", 4th edition, 2012.
8	Teresa Bradley, Essential Statistics for Economics, Business and Management, John Willey
	Publisher, 2007

# **Open electives** KARNATAKA ECONOMY

Program Name	ogram Name <b>BA in Economics</b>			Semester	Fourth Semester
Course Title	Karnataka B	Conomy			
Course Code:	rse Code: <b>OE 4.7.1</b>			No. of Credits	3
Contact hours 42 Hours			Duration of SEA/Exam	2 Hours	
Formative Assessment Marks 40		Sum	mative Assessment Marks	60	

Course Outcomes (COs): After the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- CO1. Understand the nature of economic growth and problems of Karnataka state.
- CO2. Explain the process of structural growth in Karnataka Economy
- CO3. Evaluate the policies and programmes undertaken by the Govt. of Karnataka for bringing about socio-economic development

Contents	42 Hrs			
Unit–1: Karnataka Economy – An overview				
Chapter:1 Characteristics of Karnataka Economy				
<ul> <li>Features of Karnataka Economy</li> </ul>				
• Trends and sectoral distribution of State Domestic Product and Per Capita Income	5			
• Measures to redress regional imbalances - Dr. Nanjundappa Committee Report,				
Article 371J				
Chapter-2: Human Resources				
<ul> <li>Human Resources: importance, Size and Health indicators</li> </ul>	4			
<ul> <li>Human Development Index</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>Poverty and Unemployment– Eradication Programmes</li> </ul>				
Chapter-3: Natural Resources Management				
<ul> <li>Natural Resources: Importance and volume of different natural resources</li> </ul>	3			
<ul> <li>Karnataka Environmental Policy</li> </ul>				
Practicum: conduct field visit to Forest/Reservoir/Mining and prepare the report				
Unit -2: Agriculture, Rural development, and Industries in Karnataka				
Chapter-4: Agriculture				
• Problems in Agriculture	7			
<ul> <li>Land Reforms</li> </ul>				

• Cropping Pattern	
<ul> <li>Irrigation: importance, important irrigation projects and watershed development projects.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Farmers Suicide – Causes and Solutions</li> </ul>	
Chapter-5: Rural Development	4
• Public Distribution System	4
<ul> <li>Rural Development Programmes (brief)</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Government Schemes for Rural Women</li> </ul>	
Chapter-6: Industries in Karnataka	
<ul> <li>Major Industries in Karnataka - Problems and Prospects</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>MSMEs - Problems and Measures</li> </ul>	7
<ul> <li>IT Industries in Karnataka</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Industrial Finance in Karnataka</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Industrial Policy of Karnataka</li> </ul>	
<b>Practicum</b> : visit to industrial units in local area and prepare the report/Trace-out the impact of Pro	of. D.
M. Nanjundappa Committee report	
Unit -3: Infrastructure and Finance in Karnataka	12 Hrs
Chapter-7: Economic Infrastructure	
• Transportation: Road, Rail, Water and Air Transport	3
<ul> <li>Information and Communication Technology Facilities</li> </ul>	
Chapter-8: Social Infrastructure	
<ul> <li>Drinking Water</li> </ul>	4
<ul> <li>Housing and Sanitation</li> </ul>	
• Health and Education	
• Rural Electrification	
Chapter-9: State Finance	
<ul> <li>Sources of Revenue: Direct and Indirect Taxes</li> </ul>	5
<ul> <li>Impact of GST on Karnataka economy</li> </ul>	
• State Expenditure	
• State Finance Commission	
• Current State Budget (Brief)	
Practicum: Discussion on State budget	

# Pedagogy

Formative Assessment for C1 & C	C2	
	Mar	ks
Assessment Occasion/ type	C1	<b>C2</b>
Internal Test	10	10
Assignment/Seminar	05	
Quiz	05	
Case study / Field work / Project work/ Industrial Visit and Prepare a report	-	10
Total	40 Ma	rks
Formative Assessment as per NEP guidelines a	re compulsory	

## Note: Strictly follow the Practicum

Refe	References		
1	Government of Karnataka, Economic Survey [Various Issues]		
2	Planning Department, Annual Publication, Government of Karnataka.		
3	Karnataka at Glance, Annual Publication Government of Karnataka.		
4	Madaiah M & Ramapriya. Karnataka Economy Growth: Issues and Development, Himalaya Pub.,		
	House, NewDelhi.		
5	Adul Aziz and K.G. Vasanti. (Eds) Karnataka Economy.		
6	Government District Development Reports		
7	Hanumantha Rao. Regional Disparities and Development in Karnataka.		
8	Krishnaiah Gowda H.R. Karnataka Economy, Spandana Publications, Bangalore		
9	Somashekar Ne. Thi., ಕರ್ನಥಟಕ ಆರ್ಥಥಕತೆ, Siddalingeshwara publications, Kalburgi.		
10	Nanjundappa D.M. Some Aspects of Karnataka Economy.		
11	Puttaswamiah K. Karnataka Economy, Two Volume		

#### ENTREPRENEURIAL ECONOMICS OE- 4.7.2

Program Name	BA in Econo	mics		Semester	Fourth Semester
Course Title	Entrepreneu	rial Economics			
Course Code:	OE 4.7.2			No. of Credits	3
Contact hours	42 Hours			Duration of SEA/Exam	2 Hours
Formative Asses	sment Marks	40	Sum	mative Assessment Marks	60

Course Outcomes (COs): After the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1. Start own business as Entrepreneur

CO2. Enabling the students to find career opportunities in business.

CO3. To enable the students to gain knowledge and skills needed to run a business successfully.

Contents	42 Hrs
Unit-1: Entrepreneur and Entrepreneurship	12 Hrs

**Chapter 1:** Entrepreneur and Entrepreneurship – Meaning, Definitions, Evolution, types- Characteristics, qualities, functions of entrepreneur- Distinction between entrepreneur and manger, Distinction between entrepreneur and intrapreneur,

**Chapter 2:** Role and importance of Entrepreneurship in economic development: Role and importance-Factors influencing entrepreneurship'- Psychological, social, Economic and Environmental.

**Chapter 3:** New generations of entrepreneurship viz. social, Health, Tourism and Women entrepreneurship; Barriers to entrepreneurship.

#### **Unit -2: Launching Entrepreneurial Ventures**

**Chapter 4:** Generation of ideas: Methods and process - sources of ideas - screening process- Assessing Opportunities-Challenges, pitfalls and critical factors of new venture;

**Chapter 5:** Business Plan- New Ventures: Steps involved in setting up a Business – identifying, selecting a Good Business opportunity, Market Survey and Research, Techno-Economic Feasibility Assessment.

**Chapter 6:** Role of Innovation & Creativity: Innovation- Meaning and importance of innovation; Types of innovation; Sources of innovation; Conditions for effective innovation at Organization level;

**Chapter 7:** Creativity: Concept and process of creativity; role and importance of creativity and mental blocks to creativity; branding, trademarks, patents, copyrights, and registered design protection-Methods of protecting innovation and creativity.

18 Hrs

#### **Unit -3: Business and Entrepreneurial development**

**Chapter 8:** Entrepreneur Assistance: Assistance to an entrepreneur-Industrial Park (Meaning, features, & examples)-Special Economic Zone (Meaning, features & examples)-Financial assistance by different agencies-License, Environmental Clearance, e-tender process, Excise exemptions and concession, Exemption from income tax -Quality Standards with special reference to ISO.

**Chapter 9:** Business and Entrepreneurial development - Determining and acquiring required resources (Financial, Physical and Human): Search for entrepreneurial capital- Debt vs. Equity; Venture Capital Market; Angel Financing and Alternative sources of finance for Entrepreneurs. Entrepreneurship development programme (EDP) in India– Objectives, Phases, and inputs of EDP; - Government initiatives for entrepreneurship – Make in India, Start-up India, MUDRA etc.

#### Pedagogy: Classroom lecture, tutorials, Problem solving exercise

Formative Assessment for C1 & C2			
	Marks	Marks	arks
Assessment Occasion/ type	C1	C2	
Internal Test	10	10	
Assignment/Seminar	05		
Quiz	05		
Case study / Field work / Project work/ Industrial Visit and Prepare a report	-	10	
Total	40 Marks		
Formative Assessment as per NEP guidelines	are compulsory		

Refe	erences
1	Donald F Kuratko, "Entrepreneurship - Theory, Process and Practice", 9 th Edition, Cengage
	Learning, 2014.
2	Khanka. S.S., "Entrepreneurial Development" S.Chand & Co. Ltd., Ram Nagar, New Delhi, 2013.
3	Kuratko and Rao, Entrepreneurship: A South Asian Perspective; Ferrell, Fraedrich, Farrell, Business
	Ethics, Cengage Learning
4	Entrepreneurship, R. Saibaba, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
5	Entrepreneurship Development and Business Ethics, Sanjeet Sharma – V.K. Global Pvt. Ltd., New
	Delhi
6	SS Khanka, Entrepreneurial Development, S. Chand & Co, Delhi.

Refe	erences
7	Desai, Vasant. Dynamics of Entrepreneurial Development and Management. Mumbai, Himalaya
	Publishing House
8	Plsek, Paul E. Creativity, Innovation and Quality (Eastern Economic Edition), New Delhi:Prentice-
	Hall of India. ISBN-81-203-1690-8.
9	Singh, Nagendra P. Emerging Trends in Entrepreneurship Development. New Delhi: ASEED.
10	Entrepreneurship Development and Business Ethics - M K Nabi, K C Rout, Vrinda Publications (P)
	Ltd
11	Robert Hisrich and Michael Peters, Entrepreneurship, Tata Mc Graw- Hill Vasant Desai,
	Entrepreneurship
12	Marc J Dollinger, Entrepreneurship – Strategies and Resources, Pearson Education
13	Venkateshwara Rao and Udai Pareek, (Eds) Developing Entrepreneurship-A Handbook
14	Ravi J. Mathai, Rural Entrepreneurship A Framework in Development Entrepreneurship – Ahandbook

#### ECONOMICS AND LAW OE -4.7.3

Program Name	BA in Economics	Semester	Fourth Semester
Course Title	Economics and Law		
Course Code:	OE 4.7.3	No. of Credits	3
Contact hours	42 Hours	Duration of SEA/Exam	2 Hours
Formative Asses	sment Marks 40	Summative Assessment Marks	60

Course Outcomes (COs): After the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:CO1. Comprehend the basic economic issues affecting the economy along with the related legal provisions

- CO2. Acquire knowledge on the basic provisions of law relating to consumer activities, business organizations, environment
- CO3. To appreciate the understanding the law framework in order to frame the economics model closer to reality.
- CO4. To enable the students to understand the consequences of legal rules, primarily as an exercise in applied microeconomics, macroeconomics, industrial and international economics.

Contents	42 Hrs
Unit-1: Economic analysis of law	14 Hrs
Chapter 1: Introduction to legal reasoning	5
• Efficiency.	
• Markets and efficiency.	
• Market failure.	
• Coase theorem and related ideas,	
Chapter 2: welfare economics	4
Compensation principles.	
• Social welfare function.	
• Maximization problem;	

Chap	ter 3: Economic Reasoning	5
•	Nature of economic reasoning.	
•	Economic approach to law	
•	History	
•	Criticism.	
Pract	icum:	
1.	Group Discussions on Economic reasoning	
2.	Assignment on Coase theorem and related issues	
Unit	-2: An Introduction to Law and Legal Institutions	12 Hrs
Chap	ter 4: Law	4
•	Definition	
•	Territorial Nature of Law	
•	Kinds of Law	
•	General Law and Special Law	
•	Kinds of Special Law	
Chap	ter 5: Civil law and the and the Common Law Traditions	4
•	The institutions of the federal and State Court systems;	
•	The nature of legal dispute,	
•	How legal rules evolve.	
Prace	icum:	I
1.	Group Discussions on Civil law and the and the Common Law Traditions	
2.	Assignment on the different kinds of Law	
Unit	-3: Economic Laws	16 Hrs
Chap	ter 6: Law Relating to Consumer Activities	5
•	Bargaining theory.	
•	Economic theory of contract.	
•	Defining tort law,	
•	Economics of tort liability.	
•	Definition of Consumer	

•	Consumer protection; The Consumer Protection Act, 2019		
•	Consumer courts.		
Ch	apter 7: Law of Business Organizations	5	
•	Structure of firm — Kinds, Corporations,		
•	Capital, Shares, Debentures, Insiders' trading,		
•	RBI, IRDA, MRTP, Role of SEBI,		
Ch	apter 8: Macroeconomics and Law	6	
•	Inequality; Contract theory of Distributive justice		
•	Economic and social costs of poverty		
•	Wealth distribution by Liability Rules		
•	Taxation and efficiency		
•	National and global environmental problems and international environmental agreements their legal and economic implications		
Pra	acticum		
1.	1. Hold the moot court in the classroom and let there be discussion consisting of at least two or more different views on National and Global environment problems and acts		
2.	Discuss the case studies on Economic and social costs of poverty and consumer court judgeme protecting the consumers	ents	

## Pedagogy: Classroom lecture, tutorials, Problem solving exercise

Formative Assessment for C1 & C2			
	Marks		
Assessment Occasion/ type	C1	C2	
Internal Test	10	10	
Assignment/Seminar	05		
Quiz	05		
Case study / Field work / Project work/ Industrial Visit and Prepare a report	-	10	
Total 40 Marks		Iarks	
Formative Assessment as per NEP guidelines are compulsory			

Note: Strictly follow the Practicum

Refe	References				
1	Bouckaert, B. and G. De Geest (Ed.) (1999), Encyclopaedia of Law and Economics, (Volume I to V),				
	Edward Elgar Publishing Ltd., U.K.				
2	Cooter, R.D. and T.S. Ulen, (2000), Law and Economics, (3rd Edition), Addison Wesley, New York.				
3	Dan-Schmidt, K.G. and T.S. Ulen (Ed.) (2000), Law and Economic Anthology, Addison Wesley,				
	New York.				
4	Newman, P. (Ed.) (1998), The New Palgrave Dictionary of Economics and Law, Stockton Press, New				
	York.				
5	Oliver, J.M. (1979), Law and Economics, George Allen and Unwin, London.				
6	Posner, R.A. (1998), Economic Analysis of Law, (5th Edition), Little Brown, Boston.				
7	Posner, R.A. and F. Parisi (Eds.) (1997), Law and Economics, Edward Elgar Publishing Ltd., U.K.				
8	Massey, I.P. (1995), Administrative Law, Eastern Book Company, Lucknow.				
9	Indian Law Institute, Annual Survey of Indian Law, Indian Law Institute, New Delhi.				

#### ECONOMICS OF GST OE- 4.7.4

Program Name	BA in Econo	mics		Semester	Fourth Semester
Course Title	Economics o	f GST			
Course Code:	OE 4.7.4			No. of Credits	3
Contact hours	42 Hours			Duration of SEA/Exam	2 Hours
Formative Asses	sment Marks	40	Sum	mative Assessment Marks	60

Course Outcomes (COs): After the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- CO1. Acquire knowledge on indirect taxes with special reference to GST
- CO2. Acquire the theoretical and application knowledge of GST and its Evolution in India
- CO3. To enable the students to understand the GST Law, ITC, Valuation of supply and returns
- CO4. Simple calculation of GST and Input Tax Credit, Valuation of Supply (Numerical on valuation and calculation of tax)

	Contents	42 Hrs
Unit-	-1: Introduction to Economics of GST	14 Hrs
Chap	oter 1: Indirect taxes before GST	5
•	Indirect Taxes-Meaning, Types with examples	
•	Constitutional framework of Indirect Taxes before GST (Taxation Powers of Union &	
	State Government)	
•	Concept of VAT: Meaning, Variants and Methods;	
Chap	oter 2: Reforms in Indirect Taxes	4
•	Major Defects in the structure of Indirect Taxes prior to GST; Need for Tax reforms	
•	Kelkar committee on Tax Reforms	
Char	oter 3: Introduction to GST	5
•	Rationale for GST;	
•	Constitution [101st Amendment] Act, 2016;	
•	GST- Meaning, Overview of GST	
•	Taxes subsumed under GST	
•	Territorial Jurisdiction of GST	

•	Multiple rates of GST	
•	Recent reforms in GST	
Prac	ticum:	I
1.	Group Discussions on Indirect Taxes defects prior to GST	
2.	Assignment on Types of Indirect Taxes prior to GST and After introduction of GST	
Unit	- 2 Fundamentals of GST	12 Hrs
Cha	pter 4: GST Structure in India,	4
•	GST: Advantages and Disadvantages	
•	One Nation-One Tax,	
•	Structure of GST;	
•	Features of Single and Dual GST Model	
Cha	pter 5: Dual GST Mode and GST Council	4
•	Dual GST Mode in India: 1 SGST, CGST, UTGST & IGST);	
•	Goods and Services Tax Network [GSTN],	
•	GST Council; Creation, Members, Decisions, Compensation to states.	
•	GST Network,	
•	Registration,	
Prac	ticum:	4
1.	Group Discussions on advantages and disadvantages of GST	
2.	Hold the moot of GST Council in the class room and decide the different slabs of GST	
Unit	-3: Taxes and Duties	16 Hrs
Cha	pter 6: Transactions and taxes covered and not covered	4
•	Transactions and taxes covered under GST	
•	Taxes and duties outside the purview of GST	
•	Tax structure Computation	
•	Administration of Tax on items containing alcohol, petroleum products, tobacco products	
•	Taxation on services	
		I

Chapter 7: Levy and Collection of Tax	6
Taxable event- "Supply" of Goods and Services	
Place of Supply: Within state, Interstate Levy and Collection	
• Import and Export; Time of supply	
• Valuation for GST- Valuation rules,	
• Taxability of reimbursement of expenses;	
• Exemption from GST: Small supplies and Composition Scheme Classification of Goods and Services: Composite and Mixed Supplies.	
Chapter 8: Input Tax Credit	6
• Eligible and Ineligible Input Tax Credit	
Apportionments of Credit and Blocked Credits	
Tax Credit in respect of Capital Goods	
Recovery of Excess Tax Credit	
Availability of Tax Credit in special circumstances	
Transfer of Input Credit (Input Service Distribution)	
• Payment of Taxes; Refund; Doctrine of unjust enrichment	
Practicum	
1. Simple illustrations on calculation of GST and Input Tax Credit,	
2. Valuation of Supply (Numerical on valuation and calculation of tax)	
3. Simple calculation Adjustment of Input tax credit against output CGST, SGST, IGST.	

# Pedagogy: Classroom lecture, tutorials, Problem solving exercise

Formative Assessment for C1 & C2			
	Mar	:ks	
Assessment Occasion/ type	C1	C2	
Internal Test	10	10	
Assignment/Seminar	05		
Quiz	05		
Case study / Field work / Project work/ Industrial Visit and Prepare a report	-	10	
Total	40 Marks		
Formative Assessment as per NEP guidelines an	re compulsory		

Note: Strictly follow the Practicum

Refe	erences
1	The Central Goods and Services Tax, 2017
2	The Integrated Goods and Services Tax, 2017
3	The Union Territory Goods and Services Tax, 2017
4	The Goods and Services Tax (Compensation to States), 2017
5	The Constitution (One hundred and First Amendment) Act, 2016
6	Gupta, S.S., GST- How to meet your obligations (April 2017), Taxmann Publications
7	Datey, V.S. (2019). Indirect Taxation. New Delhi Vastu and Sevakar Vidhan by Government of India
8	Mehrotra, H.C. & Goyal, S.P.(2019), Indirect Taxes, Agra: Bhawan Publications.

# CBCS Question Paper Pattern for UG Semester DSC, DSEC &OEC

Paper Code:		Paper Title:		
Duration of Exam	2 Hours		Max Marks	60 Marks
Instruction:	Answer all the sections			

#### Section-A

1. Answer <u>TEN of the following sub-questions, each sub-question carries TWO marks</u>	(10X2=2 0)
Α.	
В.	
С.	
L.	
Note for Section-A: Three sub-questions from each unit and remaining one sub-question (J) from unit I to III.	

#### Section-B

Answer any <b>FOUR</b> of the following questions, each question carries <b>FIVE</b> marks	(4X5=20)
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	
6.	
Note for Section-B: Minimum Two question from each unit (Q No 2 to 6)	

#### Section-C

Answer any TWO of the following questions, each question carries TEN marks	(2X10=20)
7.	
8.	
9.	
10.	
Note for Section-C: Minimum Two question from each unit (Q No 8 to 12) Sub-questions such as 'a' and 'b' may be given for a que only.	stion in section-C